# SAFETY DATA SHEET



Revision date: 11-Mar-2022

**Revision Number** 11

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product identifier

Product Name CHLORINE

Product Code(s) 000031098201

Other means of identification

UN number 1017

**CAS No.** 7782-50-5

Synonyms Liquefied chlorine, Liquid chlorine, Diatomic chlorine, Chlorine cylinder (used)

Formula CI2

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Recommended use**Disinfection, water treatment, bleaching, metal recovery, neutralising agent, oxidant.

**Uses advised against** No information available.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Incorporated in Australia) NZBN: 9429041465226 Address: 166 Totara Street

Mt Maunganui South

New Zealand

Telephone Number: +64 9 368 2700

Facimile: +64 9 368 2710

For further information, please contact

Contact Point Product Safety Department

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone 0 800 734 607 (ALL HOURS)

Please ensure you refer to the limitations of this Safety Data Sheet as set out in the "Other Information" section at the end of this Data Sheet.

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

Classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

**GHS Classification** 

**SIGNAL WORD** 

Danger

Approval Code: HSR001058

Oxidizing gases	Category 1
Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Gases)	Category 1
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category A
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Category 1
Acute aquatic toxicity	Category 1
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2
New Zealand Soil toxicity	Yes

#### Label elements



#### **Hazard statements**

H270 - May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer

H290 - May be corrosive to metals

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Hazardous to the soil organisms

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials

Keep only in original container

Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil

Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection

Wear respiratory protection

Avoid release to the environment

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

Specific treatment (see First aid on this SDS)

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing

Rinse skin with water/shower

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so Absorb spillage to prevent material damage

Collect spillage

**Precautionary Statements - Storage** 

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Store locked up

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner

**Precautionary Statements - Disposal** 

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations as applicable

#### Other hazards which do not result in classification

Corrosive to the respiratory tract

Contact with evaporating liquid may cause frostbite or freezing of skin.

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### Substance

Chemical name	CAS No.	Weight-%
Chlorine	7782-50-5	>=99.8

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (e.g. phone Australia 13 11 26; New

Zealand 0800 764 766) or a doctor. Immediate medical attention is required. Take a copy of

the Safety Data Sheet when going for medical treatment

Emergency telephone number Poisons Information Center, New Zealand: 0800 764 766

Poisons Information Center, Australia: 13 11 26

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is

difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Immediately give oxygen if victim turns blue (lips, ears, fingernails). If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention immediately.

Eye contact Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and

continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Call a physician

immediately.

**Skin contact** Immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing

contaminated clothing and shoes. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. A physician should see the patient promptly if contact with the product has resulted in blistering of the

dermal surface or in deep tissue freezing.

For dermal contact or suspected frostbite, remove contaminated clothing and flush affected

areas with lukewarm water. DO NOT USE HOT WATER. Clothing frozen to the skin should

be thawed before being removed. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion Call a physician immediately. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Not an expected route of

exposure.

**Self-protection of the first aider** Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to

protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and

clothing. Do not breathe fume, gas, mist, vapours, spray. Use personal protective

equipment as required. See section 8 for more information.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Contact with very cold

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material can cause freeze burns. Erythema (skin redness). Coughing and/ or wheezing.

Difficulty in breathing.

## Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

pulmonary edema may occur.

Administration of 5% carbon dioxide/oxygen medical gas mixture to patients with chronic respiratory disease or drug induced respiratory depression is potentially dangerous. 5% carbon dioxide/oxygen medical gas mixture should not be given to acidotic patients.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media No information available.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer. Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists. Most vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Corrosive hazard. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Environmentally hazardous.

## Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for

fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazchem code 2XF

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Do not

breathe vapor or mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Use personal protective equipment as required. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. See section 8 for more information.

**Other information** Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

For emergency responders Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Clear area of all unprotected personnel.

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

**Environmental precautions** 

**Environmental precautions** Should not be released into the environment. Local authorities should be advised if

significant spillages cannot be contained. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements

or confined areas. Prevent product from entering drains. Keep out of waterways.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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**Methods for containment** Stop leak if you can do it without risk.

Methods for cleaning up

This material is a liquefied gas. Work up wind or increase ventilation. For a major leak

which cannot be isolated use water fog to disperse vapour. DO NOT direct water onto liquid chlorine or leaking container. SMALL SPILLS: Small spills are allowed to evaporate provided there is adequate ventilation. LARGE SPILLS: Contain - prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). If safe to do so, cover

with a large plastic sheet. Notify emergency services.

Precautions to prevent secondary hazards

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling Do not breathe vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Keep away from

heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. Contents under pressure.

Use personal protection equipment. Keep out of reach of children.

**General hygiene considerations** Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Wash hands and

face before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep dry, reacts with

water. Keep at temperatures below 50°C / 122°F. Store away from foodstuffs and sources of heat or ignition. Store locked up. Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Check cylinders regularly for leaks.

Incompatible materials Combustible material. Reducing agents. Glass. Aluminium. Copper. Tin.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Control parameters** 

**Exposure Limits** 

Chlorine: WES-TWA 0.5 ppm, 1.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; WES-STEL 1 ppm, 2.9 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

As published by the New Zealand Workplace Health & Safety Authority.

WES - TWA (Workplace Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average) - The eight-hour, time-weighted average exposure standard is designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure.

WES - STEL (Workplace Exposure Standard - Short Term Exposure Limits) - The 15 minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15 minute period in the working day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both short-term and eight-hour, time-weighted average exposures should be determined.

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These Workplace Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is workable. These workplace exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

### Appropriate engineering controls

**Engineering controls** Showers. Eyewash stations. Ventilation systems. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in

confined areas. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits.

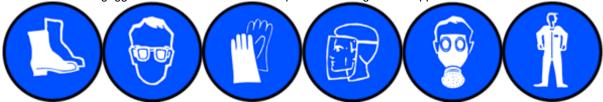
If in the handling and application of this material, safe exposure levels could be exceeded, the use of engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation must be considered and the results documented. If achieving safe exposure levels does not require engineering controls, then a detailed and documented risk assessment using the relevant Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) (refer to PPE section below) as a basis must be carried out to determine the minimum PPE requirements.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

The selection of PPE is dependent on a detailed risk assessment. The risk assessment should consider the work situation, the physical form of the chemical, the handling methods, and environmental factors.

OVERALLS, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, RUBBER BOOTS, AIR MASK, GLOVES (Long), APRON.

NOTE: Chemical goggles and face shield are not required if wearing an air-supplied mask.



Eye/face protection Tight sealing safety goggles. If there is a risk of contact:. Face protection shield.

**Hand protection** Elbow-length impervious gloves.

**Skin and body protection** Rubber boots. Overalls. If there is a risk of contact:. Chemical resistant apron.

**Respiratory protection** If determined by a risk assessment an inhalation risk exists, wear an air supplied respirator

meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

Thermal hazards Caution - material can be very cold.

Avoid contact with escaping gas.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Gas

Appearance Liquefied gas

Color Greenish - Yellow (high concentrations) , Colourless (low concentrations)

Odor Pungent, Irritating

Odor threshold ca. 1 ppm

<u>Property</u> <u>Values</u> <u>Remarks • Method</u>

pHNo data availableNone knownMelting point / freezing point-101 °CNone knownBoiling point / boiling range-34 °CNone known

Flash pointNot applicableNone knownEvaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

Upper flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressure 666 kPa @20°C None known Vapor density 2.4 (air=1) None known 1.468 (liquid); 1.56 @ -35°C. Relative density None known 5.1 q/L @ 30 °C Water solubility None known Solubility(ies) No data available None known Partition coefficient No data available None known No data available **Autoignition temperature** None known **Decomposition temperature** No data available None known Kinematic viscosity No data available None known Dynamic viscosity No data available None known

Other information

Molecular formula CI2

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

**Reactivity** Chlorine reacts violently with many organic chemicals (e.g. mineral oils, greases),

hydrocarbons, silicones, and finely divided metals. Forms explosive mixtures with alcohols, glycols, ammonia and its compounds, and hydrogen over a wide range of concentrations.

Chemical stability

**Stability** Corrosive to metals in the presence of moisture.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None.

Sensitivity to static discharge No information available.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Oxidizing agent. Supports combustion of other materials and increases intensity of a fire.

Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Moisture. Keep from

any possible contact with water. Contact with foodstuffs. Avoid contact with combustible

substances.

Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Combustible material. Reducing agents. Glass. Aluminium. Copper. Tin.

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Chlorine oxides. Chlorine compounds.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **Acute toxicity**

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Product Information**No adverse health effects expected if the chemical is handled in accordance with this

Safety Data Sheet and the chemical label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the

chemical is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

**Inhalation** Fatal if inhaled. Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking,

headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate. In high concentration the gas may cause a suffocation. Victim may not

be aware of asphyxiation.

Eye contact Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including blindness. Contact with

product may cause frostbite.

Skin contact Contact causes severe skin irritation and possible burns. Contact with product may cause

frostbite.

**Ingestion** Not an expected route of exposure. Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach.

Symptoms Irritation/Corrosion. May cause redness and tearing of the eyes. Erythema (skin redness).

Burning. Coughing and/ or wheezing. Difficulty in breathing.

**Acute toxicity** 

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemi	cal name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Ch	lorine	= 6800 mg/kg ( Rat ) = 5800 mg/kg ( Rat )	-	= 293 ppm (Rat) 1 h

See section 16 for terms and abbreviations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes severe burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

Germ cell mutagenicity No information available.

**Carcinogenicity** Not listed as carcinogenic according to IARC.

(IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer).

**Reproductive toxicity** No information available.

**STOT - single exposure** Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

**STOT - repeated exposure**Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard No information available.

**Chronic effects:** Repeated low-level contact with chlorine may cause erosion of the teeth and chloracne.

## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity** Keep out of waterways. Very toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting

effects.

**Terrestrial ecotoxicity** There is no data for this product.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
Chlorine	-	LC50: =0.44mg/L (96h, Lepomis	LC50: =0.017mg/L (48h, Daphnia
		macrochirus) LC50: =0.014mg/L	magna)
		(96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50:	
		0.104 - 0.168mg/L (96h,	
		Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50:	
		=0.08mg/L (96h, Pimephales	
		promelas) LC50: =0.1mg/L (96h,	
		Pimephales promelas)	

Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** Material does not bioaccumulate.

**Mobility** 

**Mobility in soil** Very toxic to the soil environment.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused products

Dispose of product in packaging/container in a way that is consistent with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 and the Act, and Hazardous Substances (Amendments and Revocations) Notice 2020. Treat the chemical using a method that changes the characteristics or composition of the chemical so that the chemical is no longer a hazardous chemical; or export the chemical from New Zealand as waste. Class 2, 3 and 4 chemicals - may not be disposed of into or onto a landfill or sewage facility. They may only be burnt in certain situations. Class 2.1.1, 3.1 and 4.1.1 chemicals may only be discharged into the environment as waste if the substance will not at any time come into contact with class 1 or class 5 substances; and there will be no ignition source in the vicinity of the disposal site at any time and if the substance were to ignite, no person, or place where a person may legally be, would be exposed to an unsafe level of heat radiation.

Contact supplier for advice. For all Ixom labelled chlorine packages, return directly to Ixom.

Contaminated packaging For packages that have been in direct contact with hazardous chemicals, the person must

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ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any chemical. It must be disposed of in a manner that is consistent with the requirements for disposal of the chemical that it contained, taking into account the material the package is manufactured from. Packages may only be reused or recycled if the package has been treated to remove any residual contents of the hazardous chemical (class 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5); or the contents of the residue in the package are below the threshold for the chemical to be classified as hazardous (class 6, 8, or 9 chemical).

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT Classified as a Dangerous Good according to NZS 5433 Transport of Dangerous Goods on

Land; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1017

Proper shipping name CHLORINE

Hazard class2.3Subsidiary hazard class5.1Subsidiary hazard class 28Hazchem code2XE

IATA TRANSPORT PROHIBITED under the International Air Transport Association (IATA)

Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air in Passenger and Cargo Aircraft, and

Cargo Aircraft Only.

Subsidiary hazard class 2 8

IMDG Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; DANGEROUS GOODS.

UN number 1017

UN proper shipping name CHLORINE

Transport hazard class(es) 2.3
Subsidiary hazard class 5.1
Subsidiary hazard class 2 8
IMDG EMS Fire F-C
IMDG EMS Spill S-U
Marine pollutant Yes

## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**New Zealand** 

National regulations The 'Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations', 'Hazardous

substances that require tracking are applicable to this material.

**International Inventories** 

NZIoC This material is listed on the New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals.

TSCA

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

KECL

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

Contact supplier for inventory compliance status.

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**AIIC** 

This material is listed on the Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

#### Legend:

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals** 

#### **International Regulations**

The Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer Not applicable

The Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not applicable

The Rotterdam Convention Not applicable

## 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Prepared By This Safety Data Sheet has been prepared by Ixom Operations Pty Ltd (Toxicology and

SDS Services).

Issuing Date: 11-Mar-2022

Reason(s) For Issue: 5 Yearly Revised Primary SDS

#### **Revision Note:**

The symbol (\*) in the margin of this SDS indicates that this line has been revised.

#### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

C Carcinogen

#### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

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Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)
World Health Organization

### **Disclaimer**

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since Ixom Operations Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their Ixom representative or Ixom Operations Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

Ixom Operations Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

**End of Safety Data Sheet**